

## ELEVEN SHIPS DESTROYED IN SEA FIGHT AT GULF OF RIGA

Russian and British Submarines And Slav Destroyers Sink Battlecruiser Moltke, 3 Other Teuton Cruisers and 7 Destroyers

### REMAINDER OF KAISER'S SQUADRON BADLY CRIPPLED

This Victory, Together With Severe Check Given To Germanic Armies, Serves To Raise Spirits of Anxious Subjects of Czar

(Associated Press by Federal Wire.)

PETROGRAD, August 23.—With one of the greatest naval victories of the war to celebrate and with word that the Russian army appears to have at last been able to check and hold the Austro-Germans, a wave of enthusiasm swept through the nation yesterday and exultation replaced the growing feeling of pessimism that commenced with the fall of Warsaw and had continued.

In the battle of the Gulf of Riga the German fleet has been signally defeated and driven off, with Russian and British submarines and Russian destroyers darting in the rear of the crippled vessels, seeking their way back to Kiel, seeking further chances to strike.

German Losses Are Heavy. The German losses in the battle were heavy. The battlecruiser Moltke, sister of the Goeben, of 23,000 tons, armed with ten 11-inch guns and carrying a crew of eleven hundred men, is sunk, with three other cruisers of the German Baltic fleet.

Of small crafts, the Germans lost seven destroyers, sunk by gunfire or blown up by mine or torpedo, while a number of the other ships in the defeated fleet are seriously damaged.

The announcement of this victory, made officially yesterday by the president of the Duma, was hailed with general satisfaction throughout the nation.

### British Cooperation Hailed

The fact that British submarines played a large part in the general engagement, sinking at least two of the German cruisers, has immediately removed much of the feeling of general dissatisfaction that had arisen over the apparent inactivity of the Allies along the west front, when a vigorous offensive would have, in the popular mind, relieved the tremendous pressure against Russia.

The satisfaction over the victory of the Gulf of Riga was added to yesterday afternoon in the receipt of news from the Grand Duke Nicholas, the Russian commander in chief, that his forces had repulsed the German attacks for the possession of the Bialystok railroad.

### Germans Have Withdrawn

The Germans have withdrawn from before the Ossowetz positions, where they have been repulsed time and time again and where they have lost during the past few weeks fifty thousand men, says the grand duke, while in the district of the Niemen River the Russians have driven the invaders back and cleared the river along three-fourths of its length.

The greatest battle now raging is before Brest Litovsk, where the Austro-Germans have crossed the Bug River both south and north of the fortress, in the face of great resistance. The Teutons are now endeavoring to push good their foothold, while the Russians are driving counter attacks forward. In the face of this fighting, the struggle for the possession of the railroad between Kovno and Vilna has become of secondary importance.

Russian Resistance Stiffens. All along the front the Russian resistance has stiffened, which fact, coupled with the naval victory, has been greeted by the people as evidence that the tide has turned and that a Russian offensive will now take the place of the continual retreat.

Confidence in the good faith of the British and French in their efforts to relieve the strain upon Russia and a renewal of confidence in the Russian military authorities are expressed and it is the general belief now that the darkest hours have passed.

Up to yesterday the nation was experiencing a cold discontent and disappointment, while the interior cities have had their pessimism added by the

## Frank Refused To Speak With His Lynchers

Would Not Discuss Crime But Sent Love To Wife and Mother

(Associated Press by Federal Wire.)

ATLANTA, Georgia, August 23.—The inside facts in relation to the lynching of Leo Frank near the home of the girl he was supposed to have first outraged and then killed were learned yesterday by the representative of the Associated Press here. The information comes from an authentic source, which cannot be divulged.

Frank died without making any confession of guilt, although he knew that he was to die.

When asked by members of the lynching party whether he had or had not killed the girl for whose murder he had been convicted, he remained silent, refusing to make any statement whatever.

The lynching party, which numbered twenty-eight, traveling in seven automobiles, informed Frank, as soon as he had been taken from his cell at the state prison farm at Milledgeville, that they represented a vigilance committee, empowered to see that the sentence of death passed upon him by the courts of the land should be properly carried out.

After transporting Frank nearly one hundred miles to Marietta, the home town of the Franks family, the party stopped and the lynchers surrounded the automobile in which Frank was seated. He was given the opportunity of making a statement and questioned by some, but refused to either affirm his innocence or confess his guilt.

Leaving the machine, when told that he was to be hanged upon one of the nearby trees, he walked unflinchingly across the two hundred yards of field that separated the road from the death tree, making no appeal for mercy at the hands of his captors.

He spoke only to ask that a message be sent to his wife, saying that he died loving her, and that a message be sent to his mother stating that he expected to meet her in a better land.

He was then hanged and the body left swinging from the tree, no attempt to maltreat the body after death being made.

## TAFT MAKES PLEA FOR PREPAREDNESS

Former President Advocates Stronger Defenses For Pacific

(Associated Press by Federal Wire.)

PORTLAND, Oregon, August 23.—William H. Taft, addressing the Press Club here last night, pleaded for the support of a policy of better military and naval preparedness for the nation and for stronger defenses for the Pacific Coast.

The Coast fortifications, he declared, are today the one efficient feature of the system of defense, but the navy was not in a position to do its share in the time of attempted invasion, should that time ever come.

The navy, he said, should be enlarged and strengthened. When that is accomplished any attempt to land a hostile force on the Pacific Coast could be repulsed and defeated.

## STORM PLAYS HAVOC IN MERAMEC REGION

(Associated Press by Federal Wire.)

ST. LOUIS, Missouri, August 23.—Yesterday the waters of the Meramec River, which joins the Mississippi seven miles south of this city, assumed full flood proportions, overflowing the banks and placing the great part of lower Jefferson County under water.

Eight persons are known to have been drowned, while scores are missing and hundreds are aboard various crafts and rafts, drifting across the flooded area.

It is feared that the death list will be large, while the property loss is certain to be serious.

## CARRANZA AND VILLA ARMIES PLAN BATTLE

(Associated Press by Federal Wire.)

WASHINGTON, August 23.—From reports that have reached here it is evident that the stage is set for a decisive battle for possession of Central Mexico between the Carranza forces and the main army of Villa.

The Villistas have concentrated and the rival of the First Chief is now prepared to strike the blow that will either establish him as one of the main leaders in Mexico or will bring his career practically to an end.

The success of Villa will mean a continuance of the anti-revolutionary movement, while his defeat will remove Carranza's chief rival for the leadership of the government.

daily influx of refugees from the Coudand and Baltic provinces and from Poland, who have been traveling east by the tens of thousands, taxing the resources of the government and reaching the limit in Mexico of the private resources of those attempting to relieve the privations of the homeless ones.

## PRESIDENT KEEPS SILENT REGARDING ARABIC INCIDENT

Neither Wilson Nor Secretary of State Will Discuss Latest German Crisis

(Associated Press by Federal Wire.)

CABINET HAS DISCUSSED LIKELY DIPLOMATIC BREAK

This Action Need Not Mean War Because That Is Up To Congress

(Associated Press by Federal Wire.)

WASHINGTON, August 23.—While both President Wilson and Secretary of State Lansing continue to preserve absolute silence in regard to the sinking of the liner Arabic and the killing of a number of the Americans amongst her passengers, it is known that in cabinet circles the question of severing diplomatic relations with Germany has been discussed.

So far as can be learned, it has been decided to suspend judgment until full and official information is on hand regarding all the circumstances surrounding the sinking of the passenger ship. In the meanwhile, no open discussion of the matter is to be indulged in.

It is generally believed that if the attack upon the Arabic is determined to be an unfriendly act, in the terms of the American note, the decision will be followed by the severing of relations, probably without calling congress in session for confirmation of the proceedings.

The severing of diplomatic relations, in itself, need not mean that war will result. Congress is alone vested with the power of declaring war.

## CRUISER BROOKLYN GOING TO ORIENT

She Will Relieve Saratoga As Flagship of American Asiatic Fleet

(Associated Press by Federal Wire.)

Capt. J. H. Dayton, U. S. N., former commander of the cruiser Saratoga of the Asiatic fleet, is a passenger in the steamer Perla, bound for Washington under orders. He has been stationed at Shanghai. The Saratoga is the flagship of Admiral Albert G. Winterhalter, new commander-in-chief of the Asiatic fleet.

Captain Dayton said the Saratoga's officers and men were waiting word of the despatch of the cruiser Brooklyn to relieve the Saratoga. She had been expected to sail from the Atlantic Coast about August 1, but no word had been received when he left the Orient as to whether she had sailed. She undoubtedly will call here on her way to the Orient.

The latest Army and Navy Journal received here shows the cruiser Brooklyn is a first class cruiser, but has heavier armament than the Saratoga, which she will replace. She is 9,115 tons, normal displacement; the Saratoga, formerly the New York, is 8,150 tons. Their speed is about the same, twenty-one knots. The Brooklyn has eight eight-inch and twelve five-inch guns, whereas the Saratoga has four eight-inch and ten five-inch, besides smaller guns.

## GALVESTON RESUMES ORDINARY APPEARANCE

Death List Numbers 257 With 69 Others Still Missing

(Associated Press by Federal Wire.)

GALVESTON, August 23.—Though still without a water supply, Galveston is fast resuming its ordinary appearance and the signs of the recent storm, that wrecked great sections along the waterfront, are fast being removed.

Yesterday the populace moved along accustomed Sunday lines, the churches being attended as usual and the beach being dotted with bathers and other holiday makers. The Gulf was calm and the day sunny.

Ninety-six feet of the watermain over the causeway has been torn out by the storm and the work of repairing the break is proceeding as rapidly as possible.

The death list, as announced last night, shows that two hundred and fifty-seven are known to be dead, while sixty-nine others, probably dead, are posted as missing.

## TO CURE A GOLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure.

E. W. Grove's signature is on each box.

PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, U.S.A.

## KAISER MAKES STATE ENTRY INTO WARSAW

He Took Formal Possession While City Still Burned

(Associated Press by Federal Wire.)

NOVO-GEORGIEVSK, Poland, August 23.—While this city was still burning, from the effect of the tremendous bombardment of the German guns, but following the surrender of the Russian garrison, a state entry was made by Kaiser Wilhelm and his leading generals.

The entry was led by the Kaiser, riding with him being his chief of staff, von Falkenhagen; Field Marshal von Hindenburg, leader of the Polish invasion from the north, and General von Bengeler, leader of the drive against Warsaw from the west.

The Kaiser was likewise attended by a brilliant suite and each general had his full staff.

Prior to the state entrance, the Kaiser reviewed the army which had besieged the entrenched camp and captured it from a garrison superior in numbers to the assailants.

## GERMAN COUNTER ATTACKS BEATEN

French Beat Back Teuton Forces That Attempt To Retake Trenches

(Associated Press by Federal Wire.)

LONDON, August 23.—German counter attacks against the trenches captured last week by the French at Arras, near Soissons, north of Arras, were beaten back yesterday, the fighting at times being hand-to-hand, with hand grenades and bayonets. The Germans secured no footholds, despite their heavy losses.

In the Vosges the Germans were also on the offensive, but made no progress against the French lines.

Reports from Rome are that the Italians have made small gains on every front, the main fighting yesterday being the artillery duel between the guns of the Trent defending forts and the Italian heavy siege artillery.

One British steamer was sunk by a German submarine yesterday, this being the coaster William Dawson. The steamer Cober was attacked and torpedoed, but made port in a damaged condition.

## WHY ARMY HARBORS MANY DEFECTIVES

Officer of Medical Corps Says Lax Recruiting Methods Are Responsible

(Associated Press by Federal Wire.)

Capt. Edgar King, of the army medical corps, has submitted to the war department an interesting and valuable report on the subject of delinquents and defectives in the military service.

Capt. King for some time has been on duty at the disciplinary barracks at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas and he proceeded his present duty with a long period of observation and research at the government hospital for the insane. He is the author of several reports that have to do with the insanity in the army and as a result of his study of the subject Captain King has come to be regarded as an authority of the psychology of delinquents and those that hitherto have been regarded as entitled to punishment for desertion and other offenses.

The adoption of the new system of dealing with military prisoners under the war department afforded opportunity for more extensive investigation, and Captain King was ordered to Fort Leavenworth for the purpose of continuing the work. His conclusions, the details of which for the present are withheld, are of vast importance and they are destined to have a direct effect upon the method of military discipline and upon the system of recruiting.

The latter phase of the subject has been dealt with by Captain King in a thorough manner. He points out, as a result of inquiry applied to some 1,500 individual cases, that it is necessary to exercise greater care in the acceptance of recruits, and he indicates a method by which this may be done in a way accurately to determine the antecedent history and personal character of a candidate for enlistment. Captain King has found that in many cases that have come under his observation and that have involved the exercise of discipline there were circumstances that, had they been known to the military authorities, would have justified the rejection of the candidate.

One of the reasons for the high percentage of desertion in the army is the lax recruiting methods. Captain King has found that in many cases that have come under his observation and that have involved the exercise of discipline there were circumstances that, had they been known to the military authorities, would have justified the rejection of the candidate.

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## PRESIDENT NEXT YEAR HINGES ON EUROPEAN WAR

Export New York Forecaster Says People May Object To 'Swapping Horses'

(Associated Press by Federal Wire.)

HENRY L. STODDARD (In New York Evening Mail)

Even the presidency of this country seems to hang in the war balance.

There is a widespread feeling that if the nations in Europe continue fighting until 1916, voters here will not be disposed to "swap horses." They will keep Woodrow Wilson in the White House. He will be a "war" President, regardless of home policies or coalitions.

"Thank God for Woodrow Wilson!" the slogan for which the Democrats were divided in the congress fight last year, will be the slogan for 1916, assuming that we are not at war ourselves by that time.

By the same token, it is insisted that should the end of the war come before our presidential election occurs (November, 1916), the voters will return to the conviction expressed by them at the polls in 1912, when they had before them two years of Democratic national legislation and only the third phase of the war in take their choice of a Democratic President.

How the country regarded that record in 1912, with its emphasis by the election figures, and need not be repeated at this time. The "empty dinner pail" got in its telling work against Democratic supremacy then, as it has in every national election in which it has been an issue. It elected Garfield in 1900, Harrison in 1908, McKinley in 1912.

It will again be the hope of the Republican hosts, despite the war munition prosperity reflected in Wall Street stock quotations. You cannot get it out of the minds of the people that whatever short-comings in other respects, spells prosperity. Every Democratic tariff law ever enacted has operated in a way to continue and confirm this feeling. The existing law is no exception. It was getting into full swing against our home industries when the war came. You have only to recall the conditions in this country a year ago to realize what was happening. Scarcity of war would lift the curtain again on our real condition industrially.

Republicans, therefore, have more than one reason for praying for peace. They are confident they can win next year if they can get the "empty dinner pail" into the minds of the people in time to elect themselves. They are Jefferson, McKim, Jackson, Lincoln, Grant, Cleveland and McKinley. Cleveland, however, did not succeed himself directly.

Only Eight Second Terms. It will thus be seen that the single-term plank which Bryan forced into the Democratic platform of 1912 has history to back it up. For Presidents elected on a platform of "Stop Look, Listen," before tempting fate.

Several occupants of the White House have refused to follow this wise precept and have suffered defeat. In 1828 John Quincy Adams tried it a second time, only to be defeated by Andrew Jackson, whom he had defeated four years earlier. In 1842 Martin Van Buren faced his own re-election, only to go down in defeat before William Henry Harrison, who had been his leading rival in 1836.

Remitted In Double Defeat. Chester A. Arthur's efforts in 1884 to succeed himself resulted in defeat for himself in convention and for his party at the polls.

It will be recalled that Cleveland in 1888 failed of re-election, but in 1892 he was returned to the White House over Benjamin Harrison, who had vanquished him four years before. Adams Van Buren and Benjamin Harrison were thwarted at the polls, therefore, by rivals over whom they had previously triumphed. Taft in 1912, however, went down before Woodrow Wilson, who was a newcomer in the presidential arena.

War May Decide It. If you keep in mind the fact that Wilson won in 1912 because of a divided opposition and that in 1914 the Democratic party vote, on any basis, by congressional districts or by states, failed to show an electoral majority, it is a better guess that President Wilson will not be re-elected than that he will.

If, however, you keep in mind the fact that Kitchener and other authorities predict that the war is likely to last through 1916, it is a better guess that Wilson will succeed himself.

"Stand By The President." Even Bryan, continuing his submarine tactics against Wilson from the peace-at-any-price side, and Roosevelt attacking with the brute force of a superdragnet from the "carry-a-big-stick" side, are not likely to prevail over the feeling already expressed by our people in times of trouble that it is best to stand by the President.

Much to his own surprise, in 1864, Lincoln found that feeling deep-rooted, and won with ease in November a re-election about which in August he had publicly expressed great doubt.

We have had Presidents made by a war in our own country, but we have never had a President made by a war in Europe. Perhaps 1916 has one in store for us.

## ENGINEER DEPARTS QUILTS SEPTEMBER

Hugh Howell Retires Because He Could Not Get Necessary Official Support

(Associated Press by Federal Wire.)

After September 1 Maui county will have a new county engineer, or else no engineer at all, for at the meeting of the supervisors on Tuesday the resignation of Hugh Howell was accepted to take effect at that time. It is rumored that a successor to Howell is to be named shortly, though if anyone has been definitely decided upon the name has not been made public.

Mr. Howell tendered his resignation to the new board at its first meeting on July 1, but at the request of the board continued in office until this week. At the time of making his resignation Howell stated that conditions were not satisfactory to himself, and a number of radical changes in the matter of the placing of authority, would be made after he came into office. His intention to get out.

Agreeing with the report of the committee which investigated the condition of the Kula pipe line, as to the condition of the system and its inefficient administration, Engineer Howell, at the meeting of the board last Monday morning repudiated in toto the sections in the report suggesting that he had been responsible for not cleaning up the matter after he came into office. He declared that he had always felt that Alonzo Jackson was not a man of sufficient caliber to hold the job of superintendent of the system, and had wanted to replace him and make other changes, but had been prevented by the chairman and the board. He implied that the cause of this interference was that it would have a bad effect on the candidacy of the members prior to the county election. Since the election, he said, his power has been entirely subordinate to the will of the chairman. Answering specifically concerning the complaint that certain redwood tanks hauled to Kula have lain for months without being erected, he asserted that the matter had been taken out of his hands by Chairman Jackson, who had countermanded orders he had given.

Howell agreed with the committee report that the rates for water on the Kula-Kula system are too low. He believes that the discrepancy in the amount of water supposed to be going into the pipe and that sold, to be due in large measure to faulty registering of the Venturi Meter at the intake.

Within a short time from the present there may be a machine gun company established in Hilo. Adjutant-General Johnson has advocated such a move in Honolulu and he is trying to work up some enthusiasm in Hilo about the same proposition, says the Hilo Herald.

The idea is to have a machine gun company, composed of business men who do not care to join the other companies of the national guards. In Honolulu there have been requests from members of the Country Club for machine guns, and there are plenty of men ready to enlist and take up their training at once. The Commercial Club members are also after a machine gun and they show great interest in the matter. The University Club members are also ready to take up the same proposition; but it is felt that three machine guns should not be given to Honolulu and none to Hilo. It is therefore Colonel Johnson's scheme to try and establish a company in Hilo which would be composed of business men who would take an interest in the proposition.

Colonel Johnson is very much in earnest over the idea, and he is trying to get the business men interested. He came to town on Sunday last and remained on his island for some time. On Tuesday evening last he started a Waikana company going and forty men were sworn in for service. On August 22 the adjutant-general will be at Laupahoehoe, where a company eighty-five strong is awaiting the word that will allow them to enter the guard. Colonel Johnson will swear in this new company on the date mentioned. There will then be three companies of national guards on the island of Hawaii. It is rumored that still further companies will be established in the future. Then, if the machine gun company is arranged for in Hilo, the people will have some means of protection in times of danger and will not have to sit down and hold out their hands to any band of raiders or rioters that may come along fully armed and ready for trouble.

The upkeep of a machine gun company would cost about twenty-five dollars a month, says Colonel Johnson, and that small amount would have to be guaranteed. If the proposition is taken up favorably by the citizens there should be no trouble about getting the monthly appropriation.

EPISCOPAL CONFERENCE NAMES IMPORTANT HEADS (Associated Press by Federal Wire.)

OAKLAND, August 23.—The Episcopal synodical conference held on Saturday, elected H. P. Lounsbury to the general board of religious education; J. Osborne to the board of social service, and Hudson Ault to the general board of missions.

## BALKAN POWERS SOON WILL JOIN FORCES AGAINST TEUTON ALLIES

Greece, Bulgaria and Rumania Preparing To Enter War As Allies of Serbia and Montenegro, Which Will Involve Levant

(Associated Press by Federal Wire.)

LONDON, August 23.—Events are rapidly shaping themselves in the Balkans for the augment of all the Balkan Powers on the side of the Quadruple Entente and the active participation in the war of Greece, Bulgaria and Rumania as allies of Serbia and Montenegro. The declaration of war upon Turkey by Italy is one of the things which is expected to hasten the action of the still neutral Balkan States, which the attitude of Germany towards Rumania is another factor in the shaping of imminent events. The expectation here is that all the Balkan States will be in the field before the end of the present month.

Venezuela Accepts Post. Yesterday it was officially announced that Venezuela had accepted the premiership of Greece, tendered him by King Constantine during the week, an acceptance which practically pledges Greece to the war, the premier having resigned some months ago because King Constantine would not agree to hostilities on the terms which Venezuela had secured from the Allies. In the general election, the war party won a decided victory, making Venezuela's recall almost imperative. Yesterday, following a prolonged conference with the King, Venezuela authorized the announcement that he had accepted the leadership again of the government.

A Havas Agency despatch from Athens, relayed from Paris, announces that Venezuela has selected his cabinet, which includes nearly all the ministers which had gone out of office with him following the disagreement with the King. Ultimatum To Rumania. A Reuter despatch from Sofia states that the correspondent has private advices from Bucharest that Germany has sent an ultimatum to the Rumanian government, demanding that unrestricted transportation be allowed through Rumania of munitions and supplies for the Turkish forces on the alternative that a continued refusal or a further detention of supplies in transit will be considered an attitude hostile to Germany.

It is understood in Sofia that King Ferdinand of Rumania and his cabinet are in complete accordance in the matter and that Rumania will inform Germany that it is resolved to persist in its policy of refusing to allow military supplies transit through Rumanian territory.

WESSLER-PECK. The marriage of Mrs. Mary Peck and Mr. Bernard Wessler took place last Friday evening at the bride's home, Makawao, Father Athanasius officiating at the ceremony. Mr. Wessler is connected with the "Maui News" and has rented a cottage in "Wells" avenue where the young couple will reside.

MANNING-HOCKING. At the home of Simon Hocking, in Pain, Maui, last Friday took place the marriage of his daughter, Miss Minnie Manning, to Mr. Ralph Manning. The marriage was witnessed by only the immediate relatives of the young folk and a few intimate friends. Miss Hocking is a popular young lady of central Maui, her father being head lina of the Pain section of the Maui Agricultural Company. Mr. Manning, who is a homesteader at Haiku, is an employee of the Maui Agricultural Company, in the machine department. The young couple will make their future home at Haiku.

TREATMENT FOR DYSENTERY. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy followed by a course of castor oil will effectually cure the most stubborn cases of dysentery. It is especially good for summer diarrhoea in children. For sale by all druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.